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Agenda	Speaker
Introductory Remarks	Robert Ang, MBBS, MBA, President & CEO
VBP101 & VBP301 Clinical Update	Eyal Attar, MD, Chief Medical Officer
VADC45 and Closing Remarks	Robert Ang, MBBS, MBA, President & CEO
Summary & Perspective on VBP101	Guenther Koehne, MD, PhD, Deputy Director and Chief of Blood & Marrow Transplant and Hematologic Oncology at Miami Cancer Institute of Baptist Health South Florida
Q&A	Robert Ang, MBBS, President & CEO Eyal Attar, MD, Chief Medical Officer Guenther Koehne, MD, PhD





Introductory Remarks

Robert Ang, MBBS, MBA, President & CEO

Vor Bio Clinical Strategy



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Even After Transplant, High-Risk AML Has Poor Outcomes





What If Shielding Could Lead to Improved Outcomes?





Required Shielded Graft Attributes

Engraftment Reliably reconstitute the blood system

Shielding

Protect against otherwise toxic therapies

✓ Therapeutic Index

Optimize efficacy and safety of maintenance therapies

Patient Benefit

Prolong relapse-free survival



What is Trem-Cel?







VBP101 & VBP301 Clinical Update

Eyal Attar, MD, Chief Medical Officer

VBP101: Trem-cel Phase 1/2a Clinical Trial



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Trem-cel Achieved Timely Engraftment

 High CD33 editing efficiency (median 89%, range 71-94%)

100% neutrophil engraftment

Robust platelet recovery (median 16.5 days)

Full myeloid chimerism at Day 28





Trem-cel Demonstrated Shielding Across Mylotarg Doses

Neutrophil and Platelet Peripheral Blood Counts with Mylotarg Doses

✓ Shielding





Engraftment 🚽 🗸 Shi

Trem-cel Enabled Broadened Therapeutic Index for Mylotarg

(2017, FDA ODAC)

Regarding Efficacy

Mean AUC_{inf} Across Mylotarg Doses



Regarding Liver Toxicity

Mean C_{max} Across Mylotarg Doses



13 Data cut-off: 19-JUL-2024; data not from head-to-head trial SAE: serious adverse events; LFT: liver function test



Baseline Risk Factor Demographics: VBP101 vs. Comparators

Study (Publication Year)	VBP101 Intent to Treat N=18	VBP101 As Treated with Mylotarg n=10	Araki MRD+ ₍₂₀₁₆₎ n=75	Jentzsch Adverse Risk (2022) n=271
CR1 (%)	61	50	67	90
CR2 (%)	22	40	33	10
Active Disease (≥5% blasts, %) (median blast %)	17 (16%)	10 (78%)		
MRD+ (0.1-<5% blasts, %) (median blast %)	11 (2.7%)	10 (1.8%)	100* (0.60%)	13
Adverse Risk (%) (ELN 2022)	61	60	39**	100*
Secondary AML (%) ^a	44	50	42	49
TP53 Mutation (%)	28	50		

*selected comparison cohort (n) from published studies. **Adverse cytogenetics ^aDefined AML with myelodysplasia-related change and therapy-related AML Data cut-off: 19-JUL-2024



Trem-cel+Mylotarg RFS Appears Favorable vs Published High-Risk AML Comparators

Relapse-Free Survival of VBP101 (intention-to-treat) vs Araki and Jentzch (historical controls)

Engraftment



VBP101 data cut-off: 19-JUL-2024; Adapted from Fig 2B MRD+ PFS line from Araki et al. JCO 2016; Adapted from Fig 1C, ELN 2022 Adverse risk EFS line from Jentzsch et al. Blood Cancer Journal 2022. * = individual comparison to VBP101 ITT using log-rank Mantel-Cox test. Data not from head-to-head trial.

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✓ Patient Benefit

Low Rate of Relapse (2/10) Among Patients Receiving Mylotarg



16 ITP: idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura or similar immune-mediated thrombocytopenia Data cut-off: 19-JUL-2024

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Two Patients Relapsing Following Mylotarg, Both with TP53 Mutations

	Age/ Sex	AML Risk Factors	Outcome and post- HCT Day	Mylotarg Maintenance Dose and Cycles	CD33 Expression at Time of MRD/Relapse
Relapses Prior to Mylotarg	68/M	 AML-MRC, adverse cytogenetics (ELN) Complex cytogenetics High risk molecular: NRAS, ZRSR2, TET2 mutations Active disease at time of HCT: 16% blasts 	Relapse D43 in blood and CNS prior to Mylotarg	N/A	Yes
	26/M	 High risk molecular: RUNX1-RUNX1T1, KMT2A rearrangement, adverse cytogenetics (ELN) FLT3-TKD and BCORL1 Active disease at time of HCT: 8% blasts (local) 	Relapse D57 prior to Mylotarg	N/A	Yes
Relapses Following Mylotarg	64/F	 AML-MRC, adverse cytogenetics (ELN) Complex karyotype CR2 TP53 mutation MRD at time of HCT: 1.8% blasts 	MRD ~D95 after Mylotarg 1st cycle, received two additional cycles Mylotarg	0.5 mg/m² x 3	Yes
	51/F	 Complex karyotype, adverse cytogenetics (ELN) High risk molecular: ASXL1 TP53 mutation Active disease at time of HCT: 78% blasts 	MRD after 1 st Mylotarg cycle, received 2 additional cycles before relapse	1.0 mg/m ² x 3	Yes



Potential Registrational Trial Design for Trem-cel/Mylotarg

Patient Journey



Plan is to continue enrollment at 2.0 mg/m² and, if data continues to be favorable, approach regulators around year end



VCAR33^{ALLO}: CD33-Directed Healthy Donor-Derived CAR-T



T cells exactly matched to patient's immune system

Healthy, stem-like cells more likely to expand and less prone to exhaustion

Clinically validated construct: NIH study using autologous cells showed efficacy at 1 x 10^7 CAR+ cells/kg (2/5 assessable pts)¹

1. Shah et al. ASH 2023



VBP301: VCAR33^{ALLO} Phase 1/2 Clinical Trial





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VCAR33^{ALLO}: Encouraging Signs of In Vivo Expansion

Peripheral Blood



Days Post CAR-T Infusion

• Dose escalation schedule:

- 1 x 10⁶ CAR+ cells/kg
- 3 x 10⁶ CAR+ cells/kg
- 1 x 10⁷ CAR+ cells/kg
- NCI CD33CART trial (autologous) saw in vivo expansion and 2 responses out of 5 assessable patients at 1 x 10⁷ CAR+ cells/kg*





VADC45 and Closing Remarks

Robert Ang, MBBS, MBA, President & CEO

Introducing VADC45, a Novel CD45-Targeted Antibody Drug Conjugate



CD45 is highly expressed throughout the heme compartment (minus mature RBCs)

Clinically validated linker-payload (Immunogen, alkylating agent)

Robust preclinical data package

IND-enabling studies progressing to completion

VADC45: Potential Commercial Opportunities



Treating Relapse - Heme Malignancies

- CD45 is highly expressed in AML and DLBCL
- Target may be oncogenic, driving tissue infiltration, high expression and poor prognosis
- Opportunity: R/R AML and MDS



Non-Chemo Conditioning - Gene Therapies

- Gene therapies such as for sickle cell urgently need non-chemo conditioning agents
- Could avoid oncogenicity and sterility concerns
- **Opportunity:** SCD, TDT alternative conditioning



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Immune Reset - Autoimmune Diseases

- Immune disorders that may require more holistic reset of the entire immune system
- Holistically remove immune cell compartments
- Opportunity: Refractory MS, SLE, SSc



Epitope Engineering - Shielded Grafts

- Precise epitope for VADC45 has been identified
- Experiments are ongoing for epitope modification which retains protein functionality
- Opportunity: Heme malignancies



Single Dose of VADC45 Enabled Gene-edited HSC Engraftment

Engraftment and Persistence of Gene-edited Stem Cells





NHPs received autologous transplantation of BCL11Aedited HSCs with conditioning via chemo (busulfan) compared to single dose of VADC45



Very high myeloid chimerism achieved within days of transplant



Persistently high edited populations through one year from transplant



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Single Dose of VADC45 Efficiently Depleted Immune Cells

Immune Cell Depletion from Peripheral Blood (NHP)





Vor Bio Unique Approach to Potentially Cure Blood Cancers



Trem-cel, a first-in-class investigational* shielded stem cell transplant • Reliable engraftment, robust shielding of the blood system

Platform therapy addressing >\$1B potential market opportunity



Trem-cel + Mylotarg combinationBroadened Mylotarg therapeutic index

- Early evidence of patient benefit prolonging relapse-free survival



VCAR33^{ALLO}, differentiated transplant donor CAR-T therapy • Encouraging signs of in vivo expansion with strong trial enrollment



New asset: VADC45 • Four distinct potential commercial opportunities



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Summary & Perspective on VBP101

Guenther Koehne, MD, PhD



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